

## Beaucoup De ou Beaucoup Des

In French, **expressions of quantity** are *almost always* followed by *de* or *d'*. We do this with all kinds of quantities, and it doesn't matter if the noun that follows is plural, singular, masculine or feminine. In the following examples, *de* or *d'* replaces the **partitive articles** *du*, *de la*, *de l'*, *des*.

Beaucoup de - Peu de - Assez de

J'ai acheté beaucoup <b>de</b> livres.	I bought a lot of books.
Elle a très peu <b>d'</b> argent.	She has very little money.
Nous avons assez <b>de</b> quelques provisions.	We have enough supplies.

However, there is a time when the choice between using *de*, *du*, *de la*, *de l'*, or *des* with expressions of quantity can happen.

It depends on whether the noun is followed by a **relative pronoun**, which would make the distinction between the quantity being general or specific to a particular context.

Using *du*, *de la*, *des*, or *de l'* indicates a specific quantity related to that particular noun. In the following examples, *du*, *de la*, *des*, and *de l'* are not partitive articles, they are **contracted articles**.

Partitive and contracted articles look the same, but the meaning is slightly different.

Est-ce que tu veux boire <b>du</b> champagne?  Do you want to drink <b>some</b> champagne?	Partitive Article
Où est la clé <b>du</b> coffre?  Where is the trunk key? (the key <b>of the</b> trunk)	Contracted Article

Une part du - Quelques bouquets des - Beaucoup des

J'ai mangé une part <b>du</b> gâteau <b>que</b> tu as fait.	I ate a piece <b>of the</b> cake ( <b>that</b> ) you made.
Elle a acheté quelques bouquets <b>des</b> fleurs <b>qui</b> étaient en vente.	She bought some bouquets <b>of the</b> flowers <b>that</b> were on sale.
Nous avons visité beaucoup <b>des</b> villes <b>que</b> tu nous as suggérées.	We visited many <b>of the</b> cities ( <b>that</b> ) you suggested.

Remember that the use of "de," "du," "de la," or "des" depends on whether the noun is followed by a **relative pronoun** and whether you want to convey a general or specific context related to the noun in question.

Beaucoup <b>de</b> poissons.	A lot of fish.
Beaucoup <b>des</b> poissons <b>que</b>	Many <b>of the</b> fish ( <b>that</b> ) I

j'ai attrapés se sont échappés.	caught escaped.
Une tranche <b>de</b> gâteau.	A slice of cake.
Une tranche <b>du</b> gâteau <b>que</b> ta maman a fait.	A slice <b>of the</b> cake ( <b>that</b> ) your mother made.
Peu d'informations.	Little information.
Peu <b>des</b> informations <b>que</b> j'ai trouvées étaient utiles.	Few <b>of the</b> pieces of information ( <b>that</b> ) I found were useful.

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